



FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP BUREAU OF FIRE PREVENTION
Hunterdon County
**REQUEST FOR CERTIFICATE OF SMOKE DETECTOR, CARBON MONOXIDE and FIRE EXTINGUISHER
CERTIFICATION**

LOG NUMBER: _____
(Official Use Only)

PROPERTY OWNER: _____

PROPERTY ADDRESS: _____

Block # _____ **LOT #** _____

CONTACT PERSON: _____ **PHONE #** _____

REALTOR: _____ **AGENCY:** _____

REALTOR'S PHONE # _____

CLOSING DATE: _____

See diagrams enclosed for further information regarding installation.

Detach here _____

Payment is due at least two business days before the inspection is performed

Payments may be cash or check - make checks payable to **FRANKLIN TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT #1**

Checks can be dropped off or mailed to: Franklin Township Bureau of Fire Prevention
P.O. Box 475
67 Quakertown Road
Pittstown, N.J. 08867

The Fee Schedule is as follows:

- \$ 35.00 - More than 10 calendar days from closing or change of occupancy.
- \$ 70.00 - Within 10 calendar days of closing or change of occupancy.
- \$ 140.00 - Within 4 calendar days of closing or change of occupancy.

" FIRE " Respect Its'Power Enjoy Its' Benefits

WHERE TO LOCATE DETECTORS:

Detectors are to be located on every level of a residence, (basement, first floor, second floor) excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics, and in every separate sleeping area, between sleeping areas and living areas such as the kitchen, garage, basement or utility room. In homes with only one sleeping area on one floor, a detector is to be placed in the hallway outside the bedrooms as shown in Figure 1. In single floor homes with two separate sleeping areas, two detectors are required, outside each sleeping area as shown in Figure 2. In multi-level homes, detectors are to be located outside sleeping areas and at every finished level of the home as shown in Figure 3. Basement level detectors are to be located in close proximity to the bottom of basement stairwells as shown in Figure 4.

WHERE NOT TO LOCATE DETECTORS:

To avoid false alarms and/or improper operation, avoid installation of smoke detectors in the following areas:

- Kitchens-smoke from cooking may cause a nuisance alarm.
- Bathrooms-excessive steam from a shower may cause a nuisance alarm.
- Near forced air ducts-used for heating or air conditioning-air movement may prevent smoke from reaching detector.
- Near furnaces of any type-air and dust movement and normal combustion products may cause a nuisance alarm.
- The 4 inch "Dead Air" space where the ceiling meets the wall, as shown in Figure 5.
- The peak of an "A" frame type of ceiling-"Dead Air" at the top may prevent smoke from reaching detector.

FURTHER INFORMATION ON DETECTOR PLACEMENT:

For further information about smoke detector placement consult the National Protection Association's Standard No. 74-1984, titled "Household Fire Warning Equipment." For Carbon monoxide alarms, their publication is Recommended Practice #720. These publications may be obtained by writing to the Publication Sales Department, National Fire Protection Association, Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269.

CARBON MONOXIDE ALARMS are to be located in every separate sleeping area per NFPA 720 and manufacturer's recommendations.

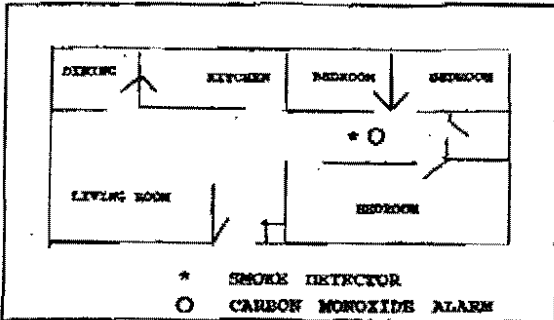


Figure 1

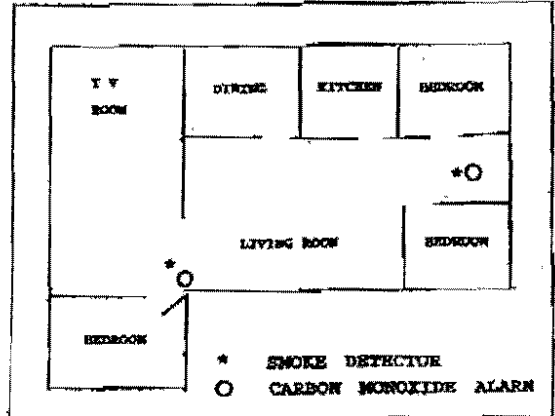


Figure 2

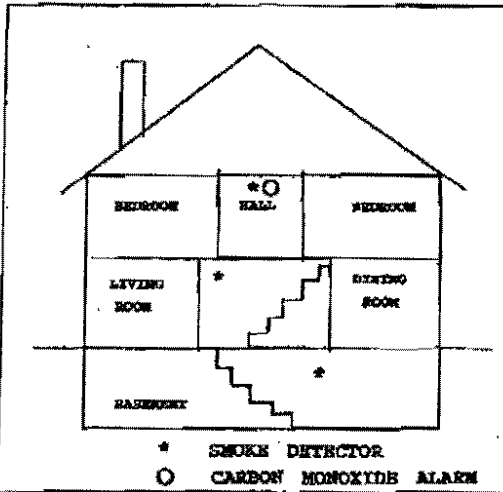


Figure 3

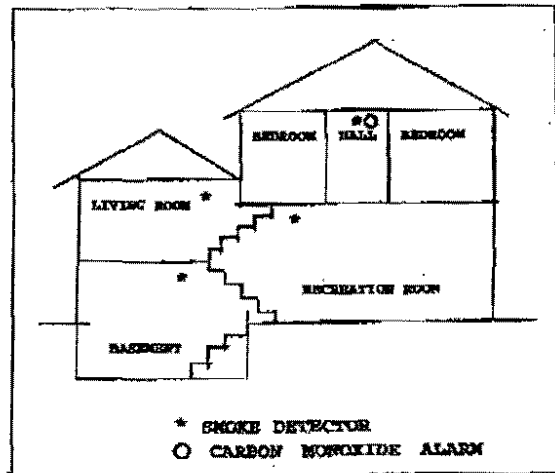


Figure 4

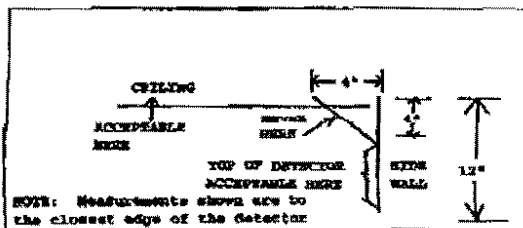


Figure 5

NOTE: Measurements shown are to the closest edge of the detector

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS
DIVISION OF FIRE SAFETY
MEMORANDUM

TO: ALL LOCAL ENFORCING AGENCIES
FROM: LOUIS KILMER, CHIEF - BUREAU OF FIRE CODE ENFORCEMENT
SUBJECT: REQUIREMENTS FOR FIRE EXTINGUISHERS IN ONE- AND TWO-FAMILY DWELLINGS
DATE: NOVEMBER 15, 2005

The Legislature amended and enacted P.L.1991, c. 92 (C.52:27D-198.1), requiring that all one- and two-family dwellings at a change of occupancy be provided with a portable fire extinguisher, in addition to the requirements for smoke and carbon monoxide detectors. This provision does not apply to seasonal rental units. This act was signed into law on April 14, 2005 with an effective date of November 1, 2005.

The regulations were recently made available for public comment. The comment period has ended and the final adoption of the regulations will appear in the New Jersey Register in the near future. The Division of Fire Safety is advising all local enforcing agencies to enforce the regulations, using the guidelines below.

The requirements for the type and placement of the extinguishers are as follows:

- 1) At least one portable fire extinguisher shall be installed in all one- and two-family dwellings (except seasonal rental units) upon change of occupancy;
- 2) The extinguisher shall be listed, labeled, charged, and operable;
- 3) The size shall be no smaller than 2A:10B:C, rated for residential use and weigh no more than 10lbs;
- 4) The hangers or brackets supplied by the manufacturer must be used;
- 5) The extinguisher must be located within 10 feet of the kitchen;
- 6) The top of the extinguisher must not be more than 5 feet above the floor;
- 7) The extinguisher must be visible and in a readily accessible location, free from being blocked by furniture, storage, or other items;
- 8) The extinguisher must be near a room exit or travel path that provides an escape route to the exterior;
- 9) The extinguisher must be accompanied by an owner's manual or written information regarding the operation, inspection, and maintenance of the extinguisher; and
- 10) Lastly, the extinguisher must be installed with the operating instructions clearly visible.